

### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display, comprising:

liquid crystal cells arranged in a matrix defined by a plurality of gate lines ~~and first to nth data lines~~ crossing a plurality of data lines on a substrate, the data lines defining a plurality of columns of the matrix;

a thin film transistor at each of the liquid crystal cells, each thin film transistor connected to the data lines in an alternating pattern based upon an arrangement of the data lines included in the liquid crystal cells, wherein first thin film transistors of each column of the matrix are connected to one data line of the plurality of data lines and second thin film transistors of the column of the matrix are connected to another data line of the plurality of data lines adjacent to the one data line;

a data driver that supplies a video signal to drive the liquid crystal cells [[via]] connected to the first thin film transistors via the one first to (n-1)th data lines line and then shifts the video signal by one channel to the right to drive the liquid crystal cells connected to the second thin film transistors via the another data line second to nth data lines;

a pixel electrode associated with each of the liquid crystal cells; and

an interlayer-insulation material formed by an organic insulation film having a dielectric constant less than about 4 and located between the data line and the pixel electrode associated with each of the liquid crystal cells.

2. (Original) The liquid crystal display according claim 1, wherein the interlayer-insulation material includes a benzocyclobutene (BCB).

3. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 1, wherein the interlayer-insulation material includes an acryl resin.

4. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 3, wherein the acryl resin includes a photo acryl (P/A).

5. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 1, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with more than one of the data lines adjacent thereto.

6. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 5, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with more than one of the gate lines formed adjacent thereto.

7. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 6, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with the thin film transistor.

8. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 5, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with the thin film transistor.

9. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 1, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with more than one of the gate lines adjacent thereto.

10. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 9, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with the thin film transistor.

11. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 1, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with the thin film transistor.

12. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display, comprising:  
liquid crystal cells arranged in a matrix defined by a plurality of gate lines ~~and first to nth data lines~~ crossing a plurality of data lines on a substrate, the data lines defining a plurality of columns of the matrix;

a thin film transistor at each of the liquid crystal cells, each thin film transistor connected to the data lines in an alternating pattern based upon an arrangement of the data lines included in the liquid crystal cells, wherein first thin film transistors of each column of the matrix are connected to one data line of the plurality of data lines and second thin film transistors of the column of the matrix are connected to another data line of the plurality of data lines adjacent to the one data line;

a data driver that supplies a video signal to drive the liquid crystal cells connected to the first thin film transistors via the one data line first to (n-1)th data lines and that shifts the video signal by one channel to the right to drive the liquid crystal cells connected to the second thin film transistors via the another data line second to nth data lines;

a pixel electrode associated with each of the liquid crystal cells, the pixel electrode having a rectangular shape; and

an interlayer-insulation material formed by an organic insulation film having a dielectric constant less than about 4 and located between the data line and the pixel electrode associated with each of the liquid crystal cells.

13. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 12, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with a data line.

14. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 12, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with a gate line.

15. (Original) The liquid crystal display according to claim 12, wherein the pixel electrode is overlapped with a gate line, a data line and the thin film transistor.

16. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display, comprising:  
forming a plurality of gate electrodes and gate lines on a first substrate;  
forming a gate insulation film on the gate electrodes and the gate lines;  
forming a semiconductor layer on the gate insulation film;  
forming source electrodes and drain electrodes on the semiconductor layer;  
forming data lines connected to the source electrodes, the data lines and the gate lines  
defining a plurality of liquid crystal cells in a matrix;  
forming an organic insulation film having a dielectric constant less than about 4 to cover the data lines, the source electrodes and the drain electrodes; and  
forming a pixel electrode on the organic insulation film in each of the liquid crystal cells, the pixel electrode contacting one of the drain electrodes.

17. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, wherein the organic insulation film is formed by benzocyclobutene (BCB).

18. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, wherein the organic insulation film is formed by acryl resin.

19. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, wherein the organic insulation film is formed by a photo acryl (P/A) of acryl resin.

20. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with more than one of the data lines located adjacent thereto.

21. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating the liquid crystal display according to claim 20, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with at least one of the gate lines.

22. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating the liquid crystal display according to claim 21, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with one of the source electrodes, one of the drain electrodes and one of the gate electrodes.

23. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating the liquid crystal display according to claim 20, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with one of the source electrodes, one of the drain electrodes and one of the gate electrodes.

24. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with more than one of the gate lines located adjacent thereto.

25. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating the liquid crystal display according to claim 24, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with one of the source electrodes, one of the drain electrodes and one of the gate electrodes.

26. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, further comprising overlapping the pixel electrode with one of the source electrodes, one of the drain electrodes and one of the gate electrodes.

27. (Withdrawn) The method of fabricating a liquid crystal display according to claim 16, wherein the pixel electrode has a rectangular shape having four sides, an entire length of each of the four sides being parallel to either one of the data lines or one of the gate lines.